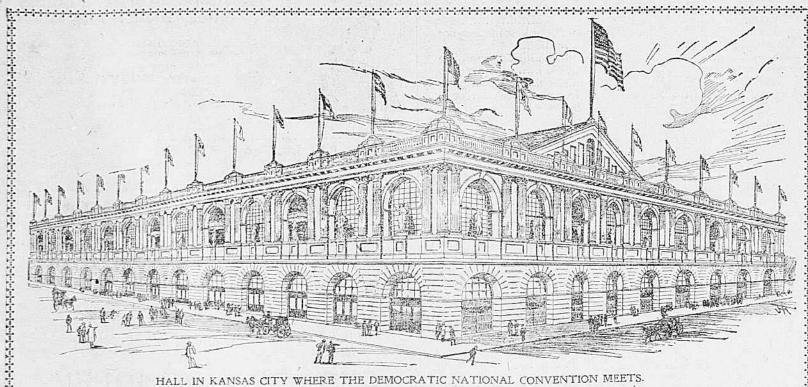
PLANS FOR THE GREAT DEMOCRATIC GATHERING AT KANSAS CITY HAVE BEEN

Some Interesting Political Gossip Concerning the Coming Convention in the Missouri City, Which Will Be Called to Order at Noon on the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Anniversary of the Birth of the American Nation—Bryan Sure to Head the Ticket and Interest Centres in the Choice of a Running Mate for the Great Champion of Free Silver.



Blackburn, Rhea (of Kentucky), and

The adoption of the platform will caus

The adoption of the platform will cause some debate, but it seems practically settled that the declarations of 1896 will be reaffirmed, and that strong planks will be added against imperialism and trusts. The foreign policy of the administration will probably be dealt with at some length, and criticised.

DANIEL IS STRONG.

There are a great number of strong men spoken of for Vice-President. The announcement on the part of a close friend of Senator Daniel, that he is willing to accept the nomination on the ticket with Colonel Bryan, is received among the Virginia delegates with great enthusiasm, and The nomination of Bryan and Danie would give to the party the handsomest ticket ever placed in the field in a national contest, and should they make a canvass together. together, they would arouse the voter by their splendid talents and present

MAY NOMINATE HIM. MAY NOMINATIS HIM.

It is very likely that the brilliant and
distinguished Joe Blackburn, of Kentucky.
Mr. Daniel's long-time senatorial colleague
and warm personal friend, will lay his
claims before the great gathering, unless claims before the great gathering, unless it should appear more appropriate to have it done by a member of the Virginia delegation, when it is probable that Hen. Wm. A. Jones, of the First Congressional District, will do the honors.

Mr. Jones is amost attractive speaker, and with such a theme as the great Senator claims, he would set the convention

wild with delight.

Senator Daniel will undoubtedly prove

a strong competitor for the nomination, especially in the South and West, and no one would be surprised should he come home from the convention bearing the

OTHER CANDIDATES.

Senator David B. Hill is another decided favorite, and ex-Congressman Charles A. Towne, of Minacsota, has some strength, but it is not thought that his candidary will-develop late anything very great.

Admirals Schley and Dewey are also mentioned as possibilities. Daniel J. Camanta variants continued as possibilities. mentioned as possibilities. Daniel J. Campau, national committeeman from Michigan, is among the fatest aspirants,

while ex-Senator Edward Murphy, Jr., Colonel George B. McClellan, and Con-gressman William Sulzer, all of New York, ere looked upon as candidates.

The New York delegation, however, will Ect together and centre upon one of the candidates from that State, and it begins to look as if his name will be D. B. Hill.

TYLER MAY LEAD.

There is every indication that Governor

Tyler will be made chairman of the Vir-rinia delegation in the convention. He is a most captivating convention orator, and would be a striking figure at the head

Congressman William A. Jones will, kndowtedly, be given some important committee assignment, most likely that of resolutions, and will probably take an ac-tive part in the work of the convention. He was the chairman of the Virginia delega-tion in the convention of 1886, and is a na-

Second District.—Delegates—E. E. Montague and W. W. Sale. Alternates—E. F. Cromwell and A. R. Morris.

Third District.—Delegates—H. G. Buchanan and C. Manning, Jr. Aiternates—John R. Grimes and J. T. Lawrence.
Fourth District.—Delegates—J. F. West and J. M. Crute. Alternates—George Mason and James Mann.
Fifth District.—Delegates—Pannill Rucker and R. F. Tompkins. Alternates—W. S. Tipton and E. W. Saunders.
Sixth District.—Delegates—Sidney Sheltman and R. H. Logan. Alternates—

man and R. H. Logan. Alternates— J. W. Carleton and S. E. Jones, Seventh District.—Delegates—P. H. O'Bannon and M. M. Johnson. Alter-

ites-N. B. Early, Jr., and Thomas D. Gold.
Elighth District.—Delegates—R. N. Harper and Judge Charles White, Alternates—
W. P. Gray and F. B. Hutton.
Tenth District.—Delegates—Bland Massie and Benjamin Haden. Alternates—
E. W. Hubard and L. H. Stephenson.
STRONG PARTY MEN.

They embrace judges, members and ex-members of both branches of the Legislature, and are all prominent in the councils of the party in the State.

One of the delegates (Colonel W. W. ale, of Norfolk) is a member of Gov-mor Tyler's staff. Mr. P. H. O'Bannon, of the Seventh

trict, is a blood relative and an ausiastic admirer of Colonel Bryan, O Bannon enjoys an intimate personal unintance with the great silver leader,

calls him "Billy." lonel Bryan's ancèstors on his father's side went west years ago, from Rappa-hannock county, in which is the home of Mr. O'Bannon, and the latter gentleman had the pleasure of entertaining the man had the pleasure of entertaining the distinguished Democratic leader on a recent visit to that section of the State.

Hons. B. F. Buchanan, of Smyth;
E. E. Montagne, of Hampton; R. H. Logan, of Roanoke, and P. H. O'Bannon, of Rappahannock, have each served with distinction in the Legislature, while Hon.

Bland Massle, of Nelson, is the present Senator from the Nineteenth District, embracing Amherst and Nelson. Hons. J. M. Crute, of Prince Edward: J. F. West, of Sussex, and Charles M. White, of Fauquier, are judges of their respective county courts, and are men of considerable thiluence in party matters.

THE THIRD DISTRICT.

THE THIRD DISTRICT.

The gentlmen whom the Democrats of the metropolitan district chose to represent them at Kansas City are Messrs. Horace G. Buchanan, of Hanover, and Chris. Manning, Jr., of this city. Mr. Buchanav. is a relative of Judge John A. Buchanan, of the Supreme Court of Appeals. His father was a prominent erducator of the State, and was at one

time Superintendent of Public Instruction.
Mr. Buchanan was the private secretary
to Colonel Tazewell Ellett during the
latter's term in Congress, and was afterlatter's term in Congress, and was afterwards for several years his law partner. He is now a member of the law iirm of Scott & Buchanan, of this city, the senior party being ex-Attorney-General R. Carter Scott.

Mr. Manning, the other Third-District Educate is a young business mean.

Mr. Manning, the other Third-District delegate, is a young business-man of this city, and has long been active and promi-nent in local politics. The alternates for the district are

Richmond Began.

a week befox the Seven Days fight in, was in the Valley of Virginia, as one commander of the three divis-of the Federal army opposed to him hilpping one day, another the day ions of the Federal army opposed to him a whipping one day, another the day after, and keeping all of them guessing where he was or whose turn it was next to be attacked and routed. While they were guessing Old Jack and his foot cavalry slipped off, and before General Banks (Jackson's quartermaster and commissary general) and his subordinates knew his whereabouts he was on General Lee's left flank, as we will see later on. There is no doubt about the fact of McClethin's ability. He was a fine general, and had under him a fine body of well-equiliped troops, but he was no match for General Lee, either in strategy or hard fighting.

ighting. During these weeks General Lee had During these weeks General Lee had been lying quietly between the Chicka-hominy and Richmond, gathering together such forces as he could induce Mr. Davis to give him, and while the small arms and artillery were not as effective, nor the ammunition as good as that of McClellan, still there was no hesitancy on the part of General Lee in attacking

McClellan and his army.

Our battery (Marmduke Johnson's) had for some weeks been camped in the field between Colonel John B. Young's house, afterwards purchased by Mr. Ginter, and manuel Church. On the Brook Road, ar the Yellow Tavern, was the Hanover cops acting as pickets; between us and ichmond, Branch's Brigade of North

On the 24th of June, 1862, in the afternoon, orders were issued for us to move out the Brook Turnpike, and in a very fort while, with the cavalry in front, ir battery in the centre and Branch's Brigade in the rear, we were swinging down the road towards the northwest. As we passed the gate of Mr. Stewart's beautiful place several of the ladies of the ily were gathered to watch the troops by. I stopped and requested that by would send word to my father that was taken to the transfer hattery had been ordered off, we knew twhere. This message was very kindly d courteously delivered, and I am satisfied that it was due to the fervent ways of that righteous man that my vers of that righteous man that my was preserved through the three or special incidents which I shall re-

Just before dark we crossed the Chickhominy—at that point a very small reck—at a place called "Half Sink," then elonging to Hon. John Minor Botts. lere we found the first Federal pickets, but before any shots could be exchanged, they made off in great haste, and we went into camp for the night. By daylight next morning we were again

on the march. From time to time we found the Federal cavalry disposed to con-test our advance, and from where we crossed the Chickahominy to Atlee's Station, on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway, we had an almost continual skirmish. Just before reaching the railroad the enemy made a very determined stand, and we lost two or three men, but captured the guidon flag of the Federal cavalry. The last stand made by the Yankees was on the field in front of the large white house on the right-hand side of the Chesapeake and Ohio Road going from Richmond. Our Messrs. John R. Grimes, for many years gans were run up and one round from a member of the City Council of Richspare and Ohio mond and messenger to the Auditor of and we saw no more of them. The occu-

Our battery was put into action, and the Our pattery was put into action, and the fifting continued until late in the night probably until 19 o'clock. The only guid we had to the location of the Yankee but tery was the flash of their guns, but afte the time mentioned the firing graduall grew less and we turned in to strengthe our position by throwing up earth-works in front of the guns.

As soon as it was light the next morn ing we resumed the duel, and for probably two hours a hot artillery fight was kept up finally, however, the Federals withdrew two hours a hot artillery fight was kept upfinally, however, the Federals withdrew.
Again I had evidence of the interference
of Providence. McIntosh's Battery had
taken the reverse of an earth-work thrown
up by Gen. McCiellan, but as it was on
the south bank of the creek it had not
been used until McIntosh found it an excellent place for his gaus. Our battery
crowded in close to McIntosh's, and as
much room as possible was made for the
protection of our men. Just before the
firing ceased on the morning of the second of the seven days a sergeant of McIntosh's Battery and the writer were
standing side by side watching the effect
of the firing of our guns. Through the
smoke and a very short distance off I
noticed a peculiar-looking object coming
towards us, and in the twinkling of an
eye I recognized it as a 3-inch rifle or 10pound Parrott shell that had lost its
balance and was turning end for end,
coming quickly towards us. There was
hardly time to say "drop," but I dropped
as close to the ground us possible; my
comrade endeavored to do the same thing,
but just as his back bent the shot struck
him between the shoulders and tore out
about trains in the proper of the cout
about trains in the server. him between the shoulders and tore our about twelve inches of backbone. This as I said, seemed another direct inter-position of Providence, "Two shall be standing in the field—the one shall be taken and the other left."

Shortly afterwards we were ordered t cease giring, limber up and take the roa to Mechanicsville. At this point, probably my story should end, as the title of th article would indicate, but there are article would indicate, but there are two
or three incidents that happened diring
the afternoon of the second day that came
under my eye, and probably no man now
living recollects these special episodes, and
I will endeavor to relate the occurrences
of the second day as briefly as possible.
Leaving Mechanicsville to take the road
to Gaines' Will which road is at relate

to Gaines' Mill, which road is at righ angles with the main road and for a shor distance run- on a level and then de seends very sharply to the level of the seends very sharply to the level of the creek, at the same time turning abruptly to the right. About a hundred yards in front there was a bridge, the road there turning to the left to reach Ellerson's Mill. Here on the evening previous there had occurred one of the most sickening slaughters imaginable. The Yankees has breast-works and harteries with infantry the left of Ellerson's the bill, to the left of Ellerson's the creation of the left of Ellerson's the bill to the left of Ellerson's the creation of the left of Ellerson's the creation of the left of the left of the left of the left of Ellerson's the creation of the left of the le supports on the hill to the left of Eller sen's Mill. The creek had been damme until the entire meadow had been over flowed and no body of infantry could eve have crossed this open space as long as the Yankees chose to keep them from doing so, A Colonei Williams, command-ing an Alabama regiment, I taink, ifd

guished and well known lawyer of Richmond, one of the most dignified men in Virginia, a man of fine appearance and elegant manners, whose dignity would not on any occasion cause him to proceed out of a slow walk, rode up to our battery on a little pony. Captain Johnson, knowing him well, ealled him by name and asked what he was doing at that place at that time; his reply was; "I have always vanted to see a great battle, it has been a ambition of my life, and now that I have an opportunity I intend to witness it." Captain Johnson begged him to return, but could not induce him to alter his mind. Finding that the old gentleman was determined to see the battle, he advised him to take his position on the hill about a quarter of a mile in front of our battery and on the left side of the road. Just in front of him there was an open space containing probably five or six hundred acres, beyond on the other side of the creek was posted General Porter's artillery—some twenty-one guns. The old gentleman wook his postition, raised his green

Solid Oak

The biggest and lowest priced assortment of Forch and Lawn

Goods in town.

creek was posted General Porter's artillery—some twenty-one guns. The old gentlemin took his position, raised his green silk umbrella, and as it was an exceedingly hot day, pushed his tall silk hat from his forehead in a rather undignified manner. Just then Crenshaw's battery was ordered forward to defend the left of our line against a flanking movement, and gallantly they went in at a full gallon, turning into the open space above mentioned and commencing to fire as soon as they could get their guns unlimbered. Of course, the Yankees begun to fire as soon ourse, the Yankees begun to fire as soon is the guns appeared beyond the edge of the woods. Our attention was called to the woods. Our attention was called to this firing, and before Crenshaw could be-gin to fire our dignified friend, had let down his umbrella, cranmed his silk hat on the back of his head and, using the on the back of his head and, using the umbrela as a whip, was riding the pony down the hill towards the road at his utmost speed. Considering the man and the circumstances I do not remember ever to have seen a more ludicrous sight. He cassed our battery at full gallop with his heels and arms still flying; riding along the guns the men ridiculing him and calling him to come back, that the battle had just begun. Captain Johnson called to him and sald: "You seem to have been easily satisfied, sir." In the distance we could hear his reply: "I think I have sgen as much of a battle as I ever care to see again in my life."

again in my life."

Our battery was then moved forward to support Crenshaw's, and as we reached the edge of the woods we saw coming over the hill to our left and rear the leading origade of Jackson's division. again in my life.

I have no recollection previous to this having heard what afterwards became o famous and what has carried with it detery upon many a hard-fought field, hen and now known as the "rebel yell," then and now known as the recty in until these men of Jackson's, coming in on a double-quick, passed to the left of our battery down into the woods, brigade after brigade melting into the shadows of the dense thickets that lined this creek.

our guns began fring immediately, and though the addition of this battery and the whole of Jackson's division had been pushed against Fitz John Porter's been pushed against ritz John Porter's front, so far as we could see, thay did not give back one inch, but fought like true soldiers, and except for the increased noise of the musketry and cannon it would not have been known that additional transfer of the second of the soldiers. however, make an attempt to crass this overflowed meadow, and as a consequence his entire command was cut to pieces. In a space of less than 100 yards there by 260 dead Confederates, and no one knows how many had been wounded and carried and caissons, and finally to be ordered out.

H. M. BOY M. BOY M. BOY Of the musketry and cannon it would not have been known that additional troops were engaged. I have no idea how long we remained there, but long enough to empty our limber chests and caissons, and finally to be ordered out.

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One inside and one outside—made of wood with a charcoal filling between, besides the zinc lining. The Alaska will save from a third to a haif of their cost the first

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MOLIOIK SIIN AILBIIII paarii 4th.-JULY-4th. Special Train. Low Rates. Via Norfolk and Western R'y

The Norfolk and Western Railway will am a special train to Norfolk and Vir ginia Beach and return on July 4th upon the following fast schedule: Leave Richmond 8 A. M., arrive Norfolk 10:40 A. M., mond 8 A. M., arrive Notino 3.5. M., Re-turning leave Virginia Beach 7 P. M., leave Norfolk 7:40 P. M., arrive Richmond 19:50 P. M. Vestibuled Couches; no Change or Transfer. Fure to Norfolk and return 31: Virginia Beach and return 31:5. Purchase our tickets at Comrany's office, No. 838 list Main Street, or at Ticket Office Byrd-C. H. BOSLEY,

District Passenger Age JOHN E. WAGNER, City Passenger and Ticket Agent.

FOURTH OF JULY, 1900.

At West Point, Va.; Fare, Sixty Cents Round Trip.

On this date the Southern Kailway will perate a special excursion train Richmond to West Point, Va., and return. Fare for the round-trip, sixty cents. Special fast train will leave Richmond at 8:39 A. M.; returning, leave West Point at 6:39 P. M. A competent band has been engaged to furnish music for the dancing, etc., entertainment of visitors. Boat races and is a guarantee of complete success. For full particulars, see printed bills. For those wishing to remain in order to attend the Grand Ball at night, tickets will be honored on morning train the 5th, returning. A delightful day's recreation is offer

Only \$1.25 to Virginia Beach and return al train leaves Byrd-Street Station

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY Change of Schedule.

Commencing Sunday, June 31, the Sea-board Air Line Railway will inaugurate double daily passenger service over its OWN RAILS FROM RICHMOND to all

OWN RAILS FROM RICHMOND
points South.

Trans will leave from C. & O. BroadStreet Station, at 2:35 P. M. and 10:40 P.
M. Also 7:30 A. M. daily, except Sunday, which runs solid to Durham, N. C.
Trairs arrive in Richmond from South
at 5:15 A. M. and 5:40 P. M. daily, and 2
P. M. daily, except Sunday.

For further particulars apply to
H. M. BOYKIN,
General Agent,
No. 836 East Main Street.

Miller & Rhoads' Store will be closed

NO OPPOSITION

The Republicans to Meet at Wise Court House.

Pittsburg, and Mr. Walter Bird, who was formerly connected with the horse-shos works at Radford, as master mechanic. Dr. Charles O. Jones, pastor of the Main-Street Methodist church, was the officiating minister. Following the ceremony, the couple left for St. Paul, Minn, where they will reside in future.

G. W. Child and associates, of Pennsylvania, are establishing a large extractiplant at Big Stone Gap. The work has just now started, an engineer being on the grounds for the purpose of establishing the bounds of buildings, etc. This plant will make extract from chestnut wood only, the extract to be used for dying purposes.

lying purposes. AN EVANCELIST.

Dr. J. T. McFerrin, after a visit to home folks, in Bristol, has returned to Sherman, folks, in Bristol, has returned to Steinard, Texas, where he is doing duty as a Pres-byterian evangelist. Ir. McFerrin's son, Marvin, having just graduated from the Union Theological Seminary, New York, has been made pastor of the First Pres-byterian church, at Clarkesville, Tenn. The Virgin'a and South-western Rallway The Virginia and South-western Railway Company, has inaugurated a new schedule and has greatly improved the passenger service between Eristol and Big Stone Gap. The company ran its first excursion tran over its new extension from Johnson county, Tean, to Bristol, to-day, Sex, eral hundred people came to town, including a number from the mountains, who had never ridden on a train before and others who saw a train for their first time when they came to ride on one.

ber of years, has resigned his position to enter the mercantile business for himself and has located at Clover Bottom, in East



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